



## GASTROENTEROLOGY SPECIALISTS, INC.

10210 East 91st Street South  
Tulsa, OK 74133  
(918) 940-8500

### Medication Instructions

- \* **High Blood Pressure Patients:** Take your morning dose of blood pressure medication.
- \* **Diabetic Patients on Insulin:** Take 1/2 dose of your PM insulin the day before your procedure.
- \* **Diabetic Patients:** Do not take any insulin or diabetic medication by mouth the day of your procedure **UNLESS** your blood sugar is higher than 300g/dL. If this occurs, take insulin according to your sliding scale.
- \* After consulting with your physician, **STOP TAKING:**

Blood Thinners		
⇒ If you take 81mg Aspirin for heart protection, <b>DO NOT STOP IT.</b>		
7 Days before procedure	5 Days before procedure	2 Days before procedure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Plavix (Clopidogrel)</li><li>• Aggrenox</li><li>• Effient (prasugrel)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Brilinta (Ticagrelor)</li><li>• Coumadin (warfarin)</li><li>• Fish oil</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Eliquis</li><li>• Pradaxa</li><li>• Xarelto</li></ul>

If taking below medications for Diabetic management and/or Weight Loss STOP:	
7 Days before procedure	Day of procedure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ozempic (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Wegovy (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Mounjaro (Tirzepatide)</li><li>• Trulicity (Dulaglutide)</li><li>• Rybelsus (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Bydureon (Exenatide)</li><li>• Zepbound (Tirzepatide)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Byetta (Exanatide)</li><li>• Victoza (Liraglutide)</li><li>• Saxenda (Liraglutide)</li></ul>

**\*\*Due to potential anesthesia complications, your procedure may be canceled if you do not stop medications per recommendation\*\***

3 Days before colonoscopy, STOP
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Iron and Bulk Laxatives</li><li>• Metamucil</li><li>• Effersyllium</li><li>• Avoid high-fiber foods</li></ul>

# Colonoscopy Preparation Instructions for

## Patients on below medications for Diabetes and/or Weight Loss

**!!Please do not follow the directions on your prep box/bottle. They will be different than our instructions!!**

7 Days before procedure STOP:	Day of procedure STOP:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ozempic (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Wegovy (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Mounjaro (Tirzepatide)</li><li>• Trulicity (Dulaglutide)</li><li>• Rybelsus (Semaglutide)</li><li>• Bydureon (Exenatide)</li><li>• Zepbound (Tirzepatide)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Byetta (Exanatide)</li><li>• Victoza (Liraglutide)</li><li>• Saxenda (Liraglutide)</li></ul>

### **3 days before procedure**

- \* **STOP:** Iron and Bulk Laxatives, Metamucil, Effersyllium, AVOID high-fiber foods
- \* **START:** MiraLAX 1 capful (or 1 packet) twice a day

### **Day before procedure**

- \* **When you wake up, begin a clear liquid diet**
  - ☒ Do not eat any solid foods or dairy products or drink alcohol. Do not drink anything red or purple
  - ☒ Clear liquids include: water, soda, sports drinks, clear broth or bouillon, black coffee, black tea, popsicles, plain Jell-O, and clear fruit juices without pulp (white grape, apple juice)
- \* **Take half of your prep** the **afternoon** (2-4 pm) before your procedure. **You will be prescribed ONE of the following medications:**
  - SuTab Pill Prep: 12 pills followed with 32 oz water or
  - ClenPiq: 1 pre-mixed bottle followed with 32 oz water or
  - SuPrep: Mix 1 bottle, then drink bottle plus 32 oz water or
  - Golytely/Gavilyte/Peg: Mix and drink 1/2 gallon of your prep.
- \* **Take the second half of your prep** the **evening** (6-8 pm) before your procedure. Finish prep and any liquids 8 hours prior to your procedure arrival time.

**!! IMPORTANT !! NOTHING in your mouth 8 Hours before your procedure arrival time. DO NOT:**

- ☒ Eat food, mints, gum, or candy
- ☒ Drink anything, including water
- ☒ Chew tobacco or nicotine

### **Day of procedure**

- \* Please do not smoke
- \* You may brush your teeth.
- \* **High Blood Pressure Patients:** Take your morning dose of blood pressure medication.

#### **To avoid possible procedure cancellation:**

1. **Do not eat or drink anything before your procedure** as explained above
2. Arrive for your procedure **45 minutes** before your scheduled procedure time
3. Bring a responsible adult who can remain at GSI throughout your entire procedure
4. Do not follow the instructions on the box
5. **Any female who has had a menstrual period within the last year will be required to take a urine pregnancy test upon arrival. Please do not urinate in the lobby.**



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### **Home Care Instructions After Your Procedure**

During your procedure you will be given medication that may affect your memory of the day's events. Other normal side effects of the medicine may include confusion, irritability, drowsiness or a drunken-like state. Resting at home is the best way to recover.

Your speech, posture, hand control, and ability to work may be affected for 24 hours. A responsible person needs to drive you home after the procedure, and someone should stay with you for your safety until the effects of the medication have subsided.

- \* Do not make any important decisions or sign important documents for 24 hours.
- \* Do not drive or operate any machinery for 24 hours.

After your procedure, resume your usual diet unless instructed otherwise by your physician.

**Do not drink alcoholic beverages for 24 hours.**

**If you take blood thinning medication you should ask your physician when it is safe to resume.**

If you take prescription medicines on a regular basis, ask your physician which ones you should take after your procedure.

Do not take any muscle relaxants, sedatives, hypnotics or mood altering medicines for 24 hours unless ordered by your physician. If you have pain, you may take over the counter medicines such as Tylenol.

Call your physician if you have any of the following symptoms after your procedure:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Blue Skin</li><li>• Unable to Arouse</li><li>• Bleeding</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Difficulty Breathing</li><li>• Pain Not Relieved by Medicine</li><li>• Fever or Chills</li></ul>

**GSI Phone Number: (918) 940-8500**

[www.gsitulsa.com](http://www.gsitulsa.com)

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## Colonoscopy Coverage: What You Need to Know

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT MAY AFFECT YOUR OUT-OF-POCKET PAYMENT RESPONSIBILITY

The Affordable Care Act (ACA), passed in March 2010, allows for several preventative healthcare services, such as colonoscopy screening, to be covered by insurance at no cost to the patient. However, there are strict guidelines used by the insurance industry to determine when a colonoscopy is considered preventative or “screening”. These guidelines may exclude patients with a history of gastrointestinal symptoms or diagnoses (such as a previous history of colon polyps) from taking advantage of the procedure at no out-of-pocket cost. In these cases, the patient may be required to pay co-pays and/or deductibles. Our goal is to help you better understand how to confirm what your benefits are under your current insurance plan.

**Although your primary care provider may refer you for a “screening” colonoscopy, you may not qualify for the “preventative colonoscopy screening” category per the Affordable Care Act. Category descriptions are below:**

- **Preventative “Screening” Colonoscopy** – Patient has not had a colonoscopy in the past 10 years (to the day), is age 45 or older, has had no colon polyps or colon cancer found at colonoscopy ever, no gastrointestinal symptoms or disease and has no family history of colon polyps or colon cancer.
- **Diagnostic Colonoscopy** – Patient has gastrointestinal symptoms such as, but not limited to: rectal bleeding, diarrhea, change in bowels; colon polyps found at colonoscopy or prior history of colon polyps, family history of colon polyps; other gastrointestinal symptoms or disease requiring evaluation and/or treatment by colonoscopy.
- **Surveillance/High Risk (often called “recall”) Colonoscopy** – Patient has no current symptoms or known polyps but has a personal history of gastrointestinal disease (i.e., Crohn’s disease, ulcerative colitis, etc.), colon polyps and/or cancer or a first-degree family member (mother, father, sister, brother or child) with a history of colon polyps and/or colon cancer. Patients in this category are recommended to have colonoscopy at shorter intervals than every 10 years, typically every 1-5 years, depending on the specific history. Insurance companies typically process these benefits under the “Diagnostic” category, disallowing the benefit of having it considered under the ACA as a preventative service to be covered by insurance at no cost to the patient.

#### Questions to ask your insurance carrier:

- What are my benefits and coverage for a “screening colonoscopy”? CPT Code 45378 with modifier 33 or code G0121?
- What are my benefits and coverage for a “diagnostic colonoscopy”? CPT Codes 45378-45392
- If I am being scheduled for a colonoscopy because I have a positive stool test (FIT, Cologuard, etc.), will my colonoscopy be covered a preventative screening or as a diagnostic colonoscopy to determine why my stool test was positive?
- If you are 45-49 years old, ask if a “screening colonoscopy” is a covered benefit
- Is there a frequency limitation for these benefits (i.e., allowed once every 10 years, etc.)?
- If the provider removes polyps or takes a biopsy during my “screening” colonoscopy, will this change my procedure to a “diagnostic” colonoscopy with additional out-of-pocket responsibility?
- What are my benefits for a repeat/recall colonoscopy due to my personal history of colon polyps (diagnosis code Z86.010)?

We are frequently asked if the provider can change, add, delete or otherwise alter the indications (reasons) for procedure in the medical record so that the procedure may be considered preventative. Your medical record is a binding, legal document that cannot be changed to facilitate better insurance coverage. Even if your insurance company representative tells you we can change the code, we cannot. We are legally responsible to report services actually performed with the indications and diagnoses of record. Your insurance company may not be aware of all of your health history that is included in your medical record.

If you have an error in your medical record, you may request a correction/amendment by contacting our office at (918) 940-8500.